

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

8 parts of speech: noun
pronoun
adjective
adverb
verb
preposition
conjunction
interjection

3 adjectives: regular *good*
comparative *better*
superlative *best*

5 adverbs: time *then*
place *there*
manner *well*
degree *very well*
cause *because*

7 pronouns: personal *me*
possessive *my*
reflexive *myself*
demonstrative *this*
indefinite *some*
relative *that*
interrogative *what*

verb forms: transitive / intransitive
active / passive
indicative / subjunctive

state of being verbs take predicate nominative and
predicate adjective: *be/become/feel/taste/see/&c*

verb forms: infinitive
participle
gerund

verb tenses: past (past perfect)
present (present perfect)
future (future perfect)

irregular verbs: *lie/lay/lying/lain* *lay/laid/laying/laid*
rise/rose/rising/risen *raise/raised/raising/raised*
sit/sat/sitting/sat *set/set/setting/set*

phrase: does not contain complete subject and/or predicate (always subordinate)

clause: does contain complete subject and predicate (either main or subordinate)

4 types of sentence:

declarative
interrogative
imperative
exclamatory

From you have I been absent in the spring.
Shall I compare thee to a summer's day?
Sweet love, renew thy force.
O she doth teach the torches to burn bright!

4 kinds of sentence:

simple
compound
complex
compound-complex

My mind's not right.
It is the east and Juliet is the sun.
There never was a war that was not inward.
*Come Lesbia, let us live and love, nor give a damn what
sour men say.*

simple sentence has one complete main clause.

compound sentence has two complete main clauses.

complex sentence has one complete main clause and one or more subordinate clauses.

compound-complex sentence has two complete main clauses and one or more subordinate.